

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	SUPER DUTY RUBBING COMPOUND
Other means of identification	
Product code	PBS1
Recommended use	Rubbing compound.
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufacturer/Supplier	Granitize Products, Inc. 11022 Vulcan Street South Gate, CA 90280-0893 US
Telephone:	(562) 923-5438
Emergency	CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC International: 00 1-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (inhalation)	Category 2 (lungs)
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical powder, dry chemicals, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Water	7732-18-5	55 - 65
White Mineral Oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	10 - 15
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli	1317-95-9	8 - 12
Glycerin	56-81-5	> 2
Oleic acid	112-80-1	> 1
Morpholine	110-91-8	< 1
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	< 0.5
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.5

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Components	Type	Value
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	2 ppm
	TWA	0.75 ppm
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m ³	Total dust.
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	PEL	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	PEL	70 mg/m ³	
		20 ppm	
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Mist.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	STEL	0.3 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	20 ppm	
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	15 mg/m ³	
		3 ppm	
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Ceiling	0.1 ppm	
	TWA	0.016 ppm	
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	STEL	105 mg/m ³	
		30 ppm	
	TWA	70 mg/m ³	
		20 ppm	
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	STEL	10 mg/m ³	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Mist.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Skin protection	
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Cream.
Color	Tan.
Odor	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	100.0 °F (37.8 °C) Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.876 (H ₂ O=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Electrostatic discharge. Contact with incompatible materials. Protect against direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 12000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
<i>Aerosol</i>		
LC50	Rat	6.4 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	780 mg/kg
<u>Chronic</u>		
Dermal		
LOAEL	Rat	32 mg/kg
Oral		
LOAEL	Rat	25 mg/kg
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	270 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	0.578 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	100 mg/kg
Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	12600 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
<i>Aerosol</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
ACGIH sensitization		
FORMALDEHYDE (CAS 50-00-0)		Dermal sensitization Respiratory sensitization
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)		2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)		1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)		1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)		Cancer
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)		Cancer
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)		
Aquatic		
Algae	EC50	Desmodesmus subspicatus 7.78 mg/l, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna 1.63 mg/l, 48 hours
	NOEC	Daphnia magna 0.78 mg/l, 21 days
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas 1370 mg/l, 96 hours
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 4.3 - 7.8 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis) 10.302 - 16.743 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Crustacea > 10000 mg/l, 24 Hours
White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	LL50	Invertebrates (Invertebrates) 100 mg/l
Fish	LL50	Fish 10 mg/l

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	-1.43
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	0.35
Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)	-1.76
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	-0.86

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (White Mineral Oil (petroleum))
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	203
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (White Mineral Oil (petroleum))
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3

Packing group III
Environmental hazards No
ERG Code 3L
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1993
UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (White Mineral Oil (petroleum))
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group III
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No
EmS F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	Listed.
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Listed.
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	100 LBS
----------------------------	---------

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Cancer
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	Cancer
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Skin sensitization
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	lung effects
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Respiratory sensitization
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	immune system effects
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Eye irritation
Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)	kidney effects
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Skin irritation
	respiratory tract irritation
	Acute toxicity
	Flammability

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	100	500		

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Classified hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
 Skin corrosion or irritation
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation
 Respiratory or skin sensitization
 Carcinogenicity
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.5

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace**

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

US state regulations**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Oleic acid (CAS 112-80-1)

White Mineral Oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Glycerin (CAS 56-81-5)

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Oleic acid (CAS 112-80-1)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

Listed: June 22, 2012

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Listed: January 1, 1988

Microcrystalline silica, Tripoli (CAS 1317-95-9)

Listed: October 1, 1988

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 109-86-4)

Listed: January 1, 1989

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Listed: March 16, 2012

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 109-86-4)

Listed: January 1, 1989

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	07-August-2014
Revision date	03-September-2018
Version #	04
NFPA ratings	

**Disclaimer**

Granitex Products Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.